

TODAY'S NEWS TODAY
In This Paper Only

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BIGGEST BOAT AFLOAT WRECKED; ALL ARE SAVED

**Wireless Summons Aid to 2200 People
Aboard—Size of Ship Floats
Her Ashore.**

CANSON, N. S., April 15.—The Titanic having transferred all her passengers at 2 o'clock was being towed into Halifax by the Virginian.

The Titanic's passengers will be landed at Halifax where they will be met by special trains and rushed to New York.

HALIFAX, N. S., April 15.—With her 1300 passengers safely transferred to another vessel, the White Star liner, Titanic this afternoon is slowly approaching this port.

Earlier in the day all passengers were taken aboard the White Star liner, Olympic, but later were transferred to the Steamer Baltic, and the latter vessel is now steaming for New York.

Reports as to the accident are meagre. It is not known just how it occurred but it is believed that the fact that the Titanic is the largest vessel in the world is the only thing which enabled her to stand the shock and prevented a great loss of life.

Wireless Brings Help.

NEW YORK, April 15.—Captain Paddock, of the liner Olympic, sent a wireless here today that 20 lifeboats of passengers of the Titanic were taken on board of the liner Parisian, of the Allen line, and others were taken aboard the Carpathia of the Cunard line. The Parisian and Carpathia are standing by and the liner Baltic is approaching.

White Star officials received this news direct.

Nearing Cape Race.

BOSTON, April 15.—A wireless message to the United Press from St. Johns, N. B., says the Titanic is nearing the vicinity of Cape Race.

All Safe.

ST. JOHN, April 15.—A wireless received here says "Titanic passengers are all safe."

Sea is Quiet.

HALIFAX, April 15.—A wireless message from the Titanic says: "Most of the passengers are in life boats but the sea is quiet."

Relatives Are Frantic.

NEW YORK, April 15.—The offices of the White Star line here are besieged with frantic relatives and friends of passengers seeking accurate news and information regarding the plight of the Titanic.

Size Saves Ship.

NEW YORK, April 15.—That the Titanic is in no immediate danger is the belief of P. A. Franklin, vice president of the White Star Line. He said: "While we are not in direct communication with the Titanic, we are satisfied that the ship cannot be sunk. That no more wireless messages are coming from the Titanic is not a sign of danger but may be due to atmospheric conditions or something of that nature. It is believed that all passengers are safe."

Struck Ice Floe.

MONTREAL, April 15.—At 8 o'clock a. m. the steamer Titanic, which was reported to have struck an iceberg about 900 miles east of New York, was still afloat, according to wireless messages received here. The vessel at that hour was slowly crawling toward Halifax in a badly disabled condition. The Allen liner Virginian is hurrying to the rescue.

The prow of Titanic crumpled in a collision with an ice floe but the water-tight compartment doors closed automatically. It is generally believed that all on board will be saved. Should it become necessary to transfer the passengers to another vessel an effort will be made to tow the Titanic into port.

Biggest Ship Afloat.

The Titanic is the largest vessel afloat. She left South Hampton on April 10 for New York on her maiden voyage. She is a White Star ship of 46,328 tons.

The Titanic has a crew of 800 and carried more than 1300 passengers. She carried \$5,000,000 in bonds and diamonds.

Among the passengers were Major Archie Butt, military aide to President Taft, Mrs. John Jacob Astor, Alfred Gwynne Vanderbilt and other noted persons.

Wireless reports of the Titanic say that all women and children were placed in lifeboats, and these are ready to be lowered at a moment's notice.

This will not be done unless the vessel actually begins to sink. The weather is reported calm and fair. The Titanic's pumps are working in good order.

The forward holds are full of water but the water-tight compartments are holding and if they can stand the strain it is believed the vessel will reach shore safely.

Immediately on receipt of the news of the disaster, the Allen liner "Virginian" started for the rescue. The Virginian is later reported to have lost the Titanic after learning that the women and children are in life boats, ready to be lowered.

It is believed the wireless on the Titanic worked badly. Later however, a message was received here from the Titanic saying that she is still afloat. The Virginian is the fastest of the Allen liners and is putting forth her greatest speed to reach the disabled liner.

NEW YORK, April 15.—Among the other passengers are Benjamin Guggenheim, Dr. Washington Dodge, assessor of San Francisco and his wife and son, Henry B. Harris and wife, C. M. Hays, president of the Grand Trunk Railway, and the Countess Bothes.

PRISONERS BREAK THROUGH ROTTEN WALL IN COUNTY JAIL; NEARLY FREE

Only five minutes of work separated Frank Starr and Robin Bradbury from freedom this morning, when Deputy Sheriff James Sterling uncovered a hole in the wall between the county jail and the probate judge's office, and nipped the jail delivery in the bud.

The prisoners began their attempt for freedom Sunday, it is believed. With a chisel made of a broken steel fork, a saw made of a steel knife, a poker and the steel leg from a cot they began their work, muffling the sound with an old mattress, under which they worked.

By a freak of acoustics the noise made by the prisoners seemed to come from the second floor of the court

house, and Deputy Sheriff Sterling, failing to discover any one at work up there began the quiet investigation that resulted in the discovery.

Seven bricks had been removed from the wall by the criminals and others loosened. Practically all that remained to do was to break the outer wall and enter the probate judge's office, a matter of only a few minutes.

While the officers do not yet know how many men were implicated in the attempt, they felt quite sure that Frank Starr and Robin Bradbury were the ring-leaders. Starr is a yegg-man, who is charged with the robbery of the Bovill post office, and whose partner, Joe Boland, who confessed to the crime, and gave the officers informa-

tion which led to the arrest of Starr, is held at Coeur d'Alene, being afraid Starr will kill him for "snitching." Robin Bradbury, is under sentence of one year for post office robbery, and has already escaped from jail three times, and made a fourth attempt at escape from Sheriff Brown in a railroad wreck near Sandpoint not long ago. Bradbury and Jesse McClelland each were sentenced to a year in the county jail for post office robberies, and McClelland, who behaved, will be freed on Friday next. Bradbury still has practically a year to serve.

There are ten men in the county jail at the present time, but only the two are considered desperate criminals.

TIGER CLAWS TEAR FLESH OF 23 TYROS IN THE DOKAY CEREMONIAL

Over the hot sands of the desert of Moscow, Saturday evening 23—tyroses, count 'em—23, travelled to the Temple of Omar Alkayami and were initiated into the Dramatic Order of Knights of Khorassan. The ceremonial was accompanied by red fire and circus stunts galore, and the 23 tyros, now dignified as votaries, passed through experiences to which Daniel's lion taming act was as an amateur's—for you can't tame the Dokay tiger.

The candidates included Frank Moore, Harry Moore, S. R. H. McGowan, Charles Bowers, W. F. Hickman, Claude Wilson, William Russell, C. V. Schrack, Delbert House, J. G. Ruggles, A. A. Gibson, J. R. Collins, Homer Estes, Harry Warner and A. L. Kelly of Moscow, Frank Groves of Juliaetta, B. C. Johnson of Kendrick, and Tyros Wilson, Gannon and Turn-

bow of Pullman, together with one or two others, the record of whom got lost in the desert's shifting sands, although the candidates did not.

Over a hundred Dokays were in attendance at the ceremonial, the divan of Omar Alkayami putting on the degree, while members from Lewiston, Colfax, Spokane, Genesee, Troy, Kendrick, Cul de Sac, Pullman, and Clarkston were in attendance. The divan arrived at Moscow, at 3 o'clock Saturday afternoon, its presence being announced by the roaring of the tiger, which had not been fed for several days in anticipation of the great feast of tyros' flesh upon which he was to gorge himself.

It was eight o'clock before the votaries from Pullman and Colfax arrived, and immediately thereafter, the parade, headed by the Moscow band, marched the length of Main street.

The tyros, properly submissive under the guard of the Arab patrol were exhibited by the light of red fire, and then led to the Castle hall to see the tiger and drink the camel's milk.

It is declared that the ceremonial left nothing to be desired upon the part of the tyros whose blistered feet are yet most tender from their contact with the sands. Incidentally the ceremonial was most notable for a side degree administered to Ed Bradbury, a votary from Kendrick, by the tyros, who upon hearing his tale of bloodthirsty horror awaiting them, got some satisfaction in advance by administering the Puritan treatment for a village scold, and giving him a proper ducking.

Following the ceremonial the votaries sat down to an elaborate banquet served by the Pythian Sisters in the banquet hall of the Pythian Castle.

AMERICA ISSUES ULTIMATUM TO MEXICO; MAY INTERVENE SOON

TWO YEARS' PEACE IN SOFT COAL MINES

INDIANAPOLIS, April 15.—Provision for a two years' peace in the bituminous coal field was made today in the approval by a referendum vote of the miners on the bituminous wage scale compromise.

The agreement thus reached between the miners and operators provides for an increase of five cents a ton for mining screen coal and three cents a ton for uncrened coal. All helpers, drivers and other men employed in the mines are to receive an increase of 5 1/2 per cent in their wages.

Though the final vote was not announced the indications are that the miners were practically unanimous in accepting the compromise.

Indications are that 200,000 miners favored the compromise and 50,000 opposed it. The compromise increases the payroll of the bituminous operators by \$16,250,000 annually.

As soon as the result of the vote is formally announced the different districts will sign their contracts with the operators and the suspension of mining will end.

POLICE STORM ARMORY MILITIA RETREATS

CHICAGO, April 15.—County Judge Owen took personal charge of the police force at noon today and ordered them to chop down the door of the Seventh Regiment armory to allow the democratic county convention to be held there, according to his orders. The militia had barricaded the doors

and refused to allow the police to enter. Three hundred police finally entered, the soldiers making no resistance.

Only delegates having credentials were allowed to enter. Judge Owen ordered the arrest of Captain Octgan and 17 militiamen for barricading the doors.

Want Bonds Reduced.

LOS ANGELES, April 15.—A. O. Tivimoe, Anton Johnsen and E. A. Clancy, the San Francisco labor leaders charged with a conspiracy to transport explosives illegally, appeared in court today. Attorney Schlesinger said he would move to have their bail reduced from \$7000 to \$1000.

John M. Thompson and wife and son from Texas, are visiting Mr. Thompson's brother, B. F. Thompson.

EL PASO, April 15.—All Americans and most foreign residents are leaving Chihuahua following the United States' ultimatum to Madero and Orozco that American lives and property must be protected.

WASHINGTON, April 15.—Aroused by the murder of Thomas Fountain an American gunner enlisted with the federals, who was executed last week, when taken a prisoner by the revolutionists, the United States government has issued an ultimatum to President

Madero and also to the rebel chief, General Orozco demanding that Mexico protect all citizens within her borders.

The ultimatum is as follows: "The United States expects and demands that American life and property in the republic of Mexico shall be justly and adequately protected. This government must hold Mexico and the Mexican people responsible for all wanton or illegal acts which sacrifice and endanger American life or damage American property or interests."

RED WHEAT BRINGS 80 TO 85 CENTS TODAY

After holding his wheat for two years, W. L. Strohm, who lives about six and one-half miles southwest of Moscow, across the Washington line, today sold, the transaction netting him over \$5000.

Besides the wheat sold by Mr. Strohm he also disposed of his 1910 oat crop, getting a price of \$1.60 for the oats.

The wheat was Red Russian of fair quality, and included both the 1910 and 1911 crops. It brought 80 cents.

Red Russian today brought a top price of 85 cents when Pat Kinear sold to the Farmers' Union at that price. The lot consisted of about 800 sacks, it is said. The wheat was of first quality, and of last year's crop.

"I made money by holding," declared Mr. Strohm, this afternoon, "although there was two years I didn't have any money. On the old wheat there was seven cents storage and I wouldn't have made much on that, only I took a long chance and didn't insure. I am certainly satisfied."

I. W. W. IS TO INVADE THE WESTERN CITIES

NEW YORK, April 15.—Plans for a protracted invasion of the west were announced today by John Walsh, organizer of the Greater New York district committee, and W. D. Haywood of the American International Workers of the World who say the organization will send committees, in some

cases numbering 1000 men from every city in the west where there is anti-labor legislation or are vigilance committees driving the I. W. W. out of town. He says that 600 men are on their way to Spokane, Wn., and that others will go to Aberdeen, Wn., Vancouver, B. C., Missoula, Mont., Los Angeles, Cal., and San Diego.

is added 1300 for engineering and incidentals, bringing up a total as before indicated.

The figures of the city engineer show that the improvement bonds would cost less than 1-1000 of the taxable valuation of a piece of Moscow property. His statement is:

"Last total assessed valuation, \$1,785,148.

"Five per cent interest on \$30,752.20, \$1,537.61; which divided by \$1,785,148 results in a general tax levy of 86-100 of one mill against the property owners at large outside of the paving district. The above taxation does not provide a sinking fund out of which to retire the principal of \$30,752.20."

COST FOR PAVING INTERSECTIONS SMALL

It will cost the taxpayers of Moscow \$30,752.20 to pay for the intersections of streets in case the paving district proposed by the city council shall be adopted and the paving ordered in. This is the estimate of City Engineer Smith.

In his figure the city engineer adopts \$2.10 as the base cost of paving per square yard, thus making sure that his figures are high enough to cover the cost of any paving determined upon. His estimates show that there are 13,237 square yards to be paved, at that cost, and the total expense for paving will be \$27,797.70, upon this basis. There will be 2206 yards of excavation, at 75c or \$1654.50. To this

YOUNG PEOPLE'S UNION ENDS FINE CONFERENCE

C. R. Drake of Clarkston, was elected president of the Young People's Union of the Palouse district, Saturday evening at the close of the business session of that organization. Miss Elsie Blakesley of Clarkston, was named vice-president, W. J. Evans of Pullman, second vice-president, Miss Gladys Anthony of Moscow secretary, and Miss Carrie Smith of Clarkston, treasurer.

The Saturday evening session was helpful and inspiring. Following music by the Baptist male quartet, Rev. Robt. Warner of the First Methodist church spoke on "The Relation of Society and Church." In part he said:

"The opportunities offered to young people today are far in excess of those of the past. This lays the heavier responsibility upon you. You are the heirs of the experience and experiments of the ages. You are a class of

successor. To you will come the offices and work of the men who today are carrying the burdens of life's responsibility. The great Church of Jesus Christ will come to you. As you deal with her problems and promises, so shall she be greater, or lesser, stronger or weaker.

"Since you stand upon a higher pinnacle than any young people ever have stood in the past, I urge upon you a deeper consecration to this great work."

"The Young People's societies should be the training school of the church. And it should train you to be loyal to your own church. It should give you a breadth of interest and sympathy, but it should make you intensely loyal to your own church."

Mr. Orcutt followed Rev. Warner and spoke on "The Relation of the Society to the Community."

"There are two sides to the work of the young people. One Mr. Warner has presented as the development of a body of young people for the great work of the church. The other is to reach out and win the boy and girl who is away from the church. Do you realize how many young people are out of the church? It is your business to go out and get them. The responsibility upon the young people's societies is great. The community has a right to expect you to influence its young people rightly. They need you to surround them with such influences as shall build them up and lead them to Christ."

"Our Relation to the Temperance Movement," was the subject of Joseph M. Adams. He said:

"We have no more serious or difficult problem before us today than the liquor traffic. This has been before the people for 3000 years. The temper and wave that is sweeping our country today is not led by a few fanatics, but by men who so broadly, and feel the great possibilities of the future. The success or failure of this is in the hands of the young people."

"Reaching the Younger People," was J. D. Davis' subject.

"The studies of the evening," he said, "find their climax in this topic, the problem of how to reach the young people. To win them we must show them the need there is for them in our work and make them know that we want them. We must make the life and work attractive to them. Our young people's meeting should be warm with welcome for them. Our social life must be such as they can enjoy, while presenting them a high type of enjoyment. Again we must set them to work, keep them busy."

On Sunday afternoon the beautiful banner, promised to the society sending the largest number of delegates to the convention, in proportion to its membership, was won by the society at Princeton, which sent four delegates, from a membership of thirty. The Clarkston society was a "runner up" for the pennant, with six delegates from a membership of fifty, falling short by 1-3 per cent below the Princeton society.

Professor Steinman of the department of engineering at the University of Idaho, spoke on "Character Building," at the afternoon session. He urged the constant application of the life to the best things; the setting up of the highest ideal in our life. We should study the character of Jesus and seek to make our own the great principles which filled his life, and so base our lives upon His. His spirituality, His sympathy, and His cheerfulness, are well worth our study and imitation.

TEDDY'S VICTORY IS BIG IN PENNSYLVANIA

PITTSBURG, April 15.—The latest, though incomplete, returns of the Pennsylvania primaries show to a certainty that Roosevelt captured 67 delegates out of 70; including the 12 to be sent to the state convention which meets on May 1. Taft got the other delegates.

The Roosevelt victory is a hard blow to the state republican machine forces, led by Senator Penrose. For the first time in the history of the present generation the machine forces will not be in control of the state convention. Of the nine delegates pledged to Taft, two were from Lancaster and

the remaining seven from Philadelphia. The returns received up to noon today indicated that M. Clyde Kelly has defeated Congressman Dalzell for the nomination for congress in the 13th district.

Returns show Kelly's majority over Dalzell to be 300 to 400. The Pennsylvania legislature will probably be more independent than ever before. Nearly all the republicans nominated are opposed to Penrose.

Revised advices from all over Pennsylvania show that Woodrow Wilson will get a solid delegation to the Baltimore convention. The anti-Guffey people will control the state delegation.

THINK WESTERNER KILLED MILLIONAIRE

LYNN, Mass., April 15.—Judge M. Lunnus today issued a warrant for the arrest of W. A. Dorr of Stockton, Cal., charging him with murder in connection with the murder of George E. Marsh, the millionaire soap manufacturer, who was found dead. The police are watching all outgoing trains.

LYNN, Mass., April 15.—Confident

that a Stockton, Cal., man is responsible for the murder of George E. Marsh, a wealthy soap manufacturer, whose body with four bullets in it, was found Friday. Police Inspector Kane is enroute to the Pacific Coast.

Marsh was executor of the \$100,000 estate of the late James Marsh and a Stockton man, whom the police suspect, is said to be indirectly interested in its distribution.

Inspector Kane has been ordered to see Miss Orpha Marsh, daughter of the late James Marsh, who has complained to George E. Marsh, about the small amounts advanced from her father's estate. Kane has also been

asked to question closely William A. Dorr of Stockton, a reported close friend of Miss Marsh, who is said to be enroute to Stockton after a visit to Lynn.

Won't Go To Washington.

PORTLAND, April 15.—It was announced that Senator La Follette will not go to Washington. His only chance to win is where there are primaries so the people will have the say and so he has decided to devote all his energies to California and Oregon.